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## Introduction to OpenCV



## >>> What is OpenCV?

- \* Open Source project on GitHub with >1M downloads per year.  
<https://github.com/opencv/opencv>
- \* The most popular computer vision library with 20 years of history
- \* Has modular structure: core, imgproc, calib3d, dnn, stitching, ...
- \* Written in C++ but has automatic wrappers in Python, Java, JavaScript, Matlab, GO, PHP
- \* Cross-platform and well optimized for R&D

## >>> OpenCV basic structures

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\* `cv::Mat` - images, masks, vector fields, complex values, any data

```
cv::Mat mat(480, 640, CV_8UC3);
int rows    = mat.rows;           // 480
int cols    = mat.cols;           // 640
int channels = mat.channels();     // 3
uint8_t* data = mat.data;
```

---

\* `cv::Mat` types: depth (`CV_8U`, `CV_16F`, `CV_32F`, `CV_64F`) + number of channels:

```
CV_8U + C + 3 = CV_8UC3
```

---

\* `std::cout << mat << std::endl;` - To print `cv::Mat` in console



## >>> IO

---- Read image from file -----

```
cv::Mat image = cv::imread("C:\\Users\\dkurtaev\\Pictures\\example.jpg");
```

---- Read frames from a camera ---+---- Visualize an image -----

```
cv::Mat frame; | cv::namedWindow("My image", cv::WINDOW_NORMAL);
cv::VideoCapture cap(0); | cv::imshow("My image", image);
cap >> frame; | cv::waitKey();
```

---- Write image to the file -----+

```
cv::Mat mat(480, 640, CV_8UC3); |
cv::randu(mat, 0, 255); |
cv::imwrite("output.png", mat); |
```



## >>> Drawings

```
cv::rectangle(image,  
              cv::Point(37, 357), // left-top corner  
              cv::Point(196, 408), // right-bottom corner  
              cv::Scalar(0, 255, 0)); // color (BGR)
```

```
cv::circle(image,  
            cv::Point(37, 357), // center  
            15, // radius  
            cv::Scalar(255, 0, 0), // color (BGR)  
            cv::FILLED); // thickness
```

```
cv::putText(image, "Matreshka",  
            cv::Point(0, 20), // position  
            cv::FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, // font  
            0.5, // scale  
            cv::Scalar(0, 255, 255)); // color (BGR)
```



## >>> Methods

\* Image2Image

```
cv::Mat src, dst, mask;
```

```
cv::resize(src, dst, cv::Size(1280, 960));
```

```
cv::Canny(src, dst, /*threshold1*/ 100, /*threshold2*/ 200);
```

```
cv::inpaint(src, mask, dst, /*inpaintRadius*/ 3, cv::INPAINT_TELEA);
```

```
std::vector<cv::Mat> images;
```

```
cv::Ptr<Stitcher> stitcher = cv::Stitcher::create(cv::Stitcher::PANORAMA);
```

```
stitcher->stitch(images, dst);
```

## >>> Methods

\* Image2Data

```
cv::Mat image;
```

```
std::vector<std::vector<cv::Point> > contours;
```

```
cv::findContours(image, contours, cv::RETR_EXTERNAL, cv::CHAIN_APPROX_SIMPLE);
```

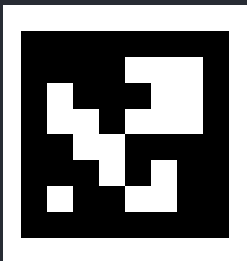
---

```
std::vector<std::vector<cv::Point2f > > corners;
```

```
std::vector<int> ids;
```

```
auto dictionary = cv::aruco::getPredefinedDictionary(cv::aruco::DICT_6X6_250);
```

```
cv::aruco::detectMarkers(image, dictionary, corners, ids);
```





## >>> Image processing



```
cv::Mat src = cv::imread("example.jpg"); // src.data = BGRBGR...BGR
```

```
cv::Mat dst(src.size(), CV_8UC1);
```

```
for (int y = 0; y < src.rows; ++y) {  
    for (int x = 0; x < src.cols; ++x) {  
        cv::Vec3b bgr = src.at<cv::Vec3b>(y, x);  
        uint8_t gray = (29 * bgr[0] + 150 * bgr[1] + 77 * bgr[2]) >> 8;  
        dst.at<uint8_t>(y, x) = gray;  
    }  
}
```

```
cv::imshow("grayscale", dst);
```

```
cv::waitKey();
```

## >>> Modules

### \* opencv

core, imgcodecs, imgproc, videoio, highgui  
gapi  
photo, stitching  
features2d, calib3d  
flann, ml, dnn  
objdetect  
video

### \* opencv\_contrib

aruco, bgsegm, img\_hash, optflow, quality, rgbd, and many more

## >>> Installation (Windows)

\* Go to <https://github.com/opencv/opencv/releases> and download

"opencv-4.1.0-vc14\_vc15.exe"

\* Unpack the library (double click or [right mouse button] -> [app] -> [Extract])

Structure:

```
|-- opencv
    |-- build
        |-- include
            |-- x64
                |-- vc14
                    |-- bin & lib
                |-- vc15
                    |-- bin & lib
    |-- sources
```

## >>> Hello World! (Windows)

- \* Create project (Microsoft Visual Studio)

- \* [File] -> [New] -> [Project] -> [Win32 Console Application]

- \* Enable "Empty project" option. Switch to Release mode and x64 platform

- \* Add OpenCV dependency

- \* [Project] -> [Properties] -> [C/C++] -> [General]

- \* [Additional Include Directories]: set path to "opencv\build\include"

- \* [Project] -> [Properties] -> [Linker] -> [General]

- \* [Additional Library Directories]: set path to "opencv\build\x64\vc15\lib"

- \* [Project] -> [Properties] -> [Linker] -> [Input]

- \* [Additional Dependencies]: add "opencv\_world410.lib"

- \* Copy "opencv\build\x64\vc15\bin\opencv\_world410.dll" to "project\x64\Release"

# >>> Hello World! The simplest eyes detector

```
#include <opencv2/opencv.hpp>

int main(int argc, char** argv) {
    cv::VideoCapture cap(0);
    cv::Mat frame, gray;
    while (cv::waitKey(1) < 0) {
        cap >> frame;
        if (frame.empty())
            break;

        cv::cvtColor(frame, gray, cv::COLOR_BGR2GRAY);

        double minVal;
        cv::Point minLoc;

        cv::minMaxLoc(gray, &minVal, 0, &minLoc);
        cv::circle(frame, minLoc, 10, cv::Scalar(0, 255, 0), cv::FILLED);

        // Exclude found point area from the search.
        cv::circle(gray, minLoc, 50, 255, cv::FILLED);

        cv::minMaxLoc(gray, &minVal, 0, &minLoc);
        cv::circle(frame, minLoc, 10, cv::Scalar(0, 255, 0), cv::FILLED);

        cv::imshow("frame", frame);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

